

〔 I 〕 次の英文を読んで、問いに答えなさい。

British people are renowned for (1) love of sport. Indeed, some of the most well-known sports played around the world today can trace their origins back to the United Kingdom (UK). These sports include badminton, golf, field hockey, rugby, tennis and table tennis. However, (2) the most popular sport in the UK today is what is formally known as ‘association football’.

Although ball-kicking games have been played in various countries, such (3) China, for many centuries, it is widely believed that the sport of association football developed from the games of football that were played in public schools* in England in the 19th century. In 1863, the English Football Association – which had only just been established – set out the rules under which the sport should be played. This is why the sport is officially called ‘association football’, although it is known simply as ‘football’ in the UK. In the United States and several other countries, the sport is known as ‘soccer’. The word ‘soccer’ originated in England and comes from the ‘soc’ in the word ‘association’.

The UK is composed of four countries – England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland – each of which has its own separate football association*, as well as its own football league. However, a few club teams from Wales (most notably, Cardiff City and Swansea City) play in the English league rather (4) the Welsh league. Similarly, the team from the town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, which is located in the northeast of England, plays in one of the Scottish leagues. Each member-country of the UK also has its own national team, which competes in international tournaments like the UEFA* European Championships and the FIFA* World Cup. However, in Olympic tournaments, a single team, made up of players from all four member-countries, competes under the name of ‘Great Britain’. Despite the long history of football in the UK, only one British team has ever won a FIFA World Cup. That was the English national team, which won the trophy in 1966, the year in which the tournament was (5) in England.

(A) Since that year, no team from the UK has won the trophy.

Over the past few decades, English football has become popular across the entire world thanks to the Premier League, whose matches are broadcast live (6) television in more than 200 countries and territories. The Premier League, which is known in some countries as ‘the English Premier League’ or ‘the EPL’, can genuinely claim to be a global league. (B) Many of the league’s top teams are owned by people from other countries, and many of its best managers and most famous players are also foreign. A number of famous Japanese footballers – like Shinji Kagawa, Hidetoshi Nakata and Shinji Okazaki – have enjoyed success in the Premier League.

(注) public school* パブリックスクール (中高一貫の私立学校)
UEFA* 欧州サッカー連盟

football association* サッカー協会
FIFA* 国際サッカー連盟

問 1 次の英文が本文の内容と一致すれば T を、一致しなければ F を記入しなさい。

- 1 The name 'soccer' was first used in America.
- 2 The sport of association football was invented in China.
- 3 Scotland has never won the World Cup.
- 4 It is possible for a Welsh club team to play its games in one of the English leagues.
- 5 Berwick-upon-Tweed is a Scottish town.

問 2 空欄 (1) ～ (6) に最も適するものをア～エの中からそれぞれ一つ選び、その記号を記入しなさい。

- | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| 1 ア their | イ its | ウ there | エ our |
| 2 ア by long | イ by near | ウ by far | エ nearby |
| 3 ア by | イ as | ウ on | エ in |
| 4 ア than | イ that | ウ from | エ in |
| 5 ア hold | イ held | ウ holding | エ holded |
| 6 ア by | イ in | ウ on | エ at |

問 3 下線部 (A) を和訳しなさい。

問 4 次の 1 ～ 5 と同じ意味の英語 (1 語) を本文より探して、そのまま書き出しなさい。

- 1 televised
- 2 competition
- 3 ten-year periods
- 4 founded
- 5 whole

問 5 次の 1 ～ 5 と反対語の英語 (1 語) を本文より探して、そのまま書き出しなさい。

- 1 least
- 2 hatred
- 3 domestic
- 4 failure
- 5 worst

問 6 下線部 (B) を和訳しなさい。

〔Ⅱ〕 次の問いに答えなさい。

問 1 英文の空欄に最も適するものをア～エの中からそれぞれ一つ選び、その記号を記入しなさい。

- 1 I can never remember the meaning of that word. I always () to look it up in my dictionary.
 ア need イ must ウ having エ necessary
- 2 We knew that it wasn't going to rain, so we () take our umbrellas.
 ア didn't ought イ didn't have to ウ shouldn't have エ don't need
- 3 Did you () Junko to bring her guitar?
 ア remember イ recollect ウ recall エ remind
- 4 I have a great relationship with Jun. He is an old friend ().
 ア with me イ with mine ウ of me エ of mine
- 5 Switch off the television now, Bob! You must () with your work!
 ア get up イ get past ウ get on エ get over
- 6 Please () immediately! You're going to be late for school.
 ア get up イ get through ウ get on エ get over
- 7 My daughter cried all day when her hamster died. She found it very difficult to () its death.
 ア get over イ get by ウ get through エ get on
- 8 My parents always make me () the dishes after we finish dinner.
 ア to wash イ wash ウ washing エ washed
- 9 I found it difficult to () my work because of all the noise outside my office.
 ア concentrate in イ concentrate of ウ concentrate at エ concentrate on
- 10 Have you finished making the dinner (), Mum? I'm so hungry!
 ア still イ yet ウ just エ that

問 2 次の会話の空欄に最も適するものをア～ウの中からそれぞれ一つ選び、その記号を記入しなさい。

- 1 A : Let's find a quieter place to eat. I can't stand this loud music.
 B : ()
 ア I can't stand, too.
 イ Me, neither.
 ウ Sit down, then.

2 A : Your brother had a job interview yesterday, didn't he? How did it go?

B : ()

ア Well, he took the train from Ogaki to Nagoya.

イ My mother drove him there in her car.

ウ I think it went well.

3 A : Is it going to rain this weekend?

B : ()

ア I certainly hope not.

イ I really don't hope so.

ウ I definitely hope it don't.

問3 次の1～8の英単語の反意語となるものをア～クの中からそれぞれ一つ選び、その記号を記入しなさい。

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| 1 deep | ア lazy |
| 2 permit | イ active |
| 3 blunt | ウ sharp |
| 4 diligent | エ unlawful |
| 5 passive | オ essential |
| 6 unnecessary | カ shallow |
| 7 legal | キ innocent |
| 8 guilty | ク forbid |

問4 次の日本文に合うように () 内の語を並べかえて英文を作りなさい。

- 私は焼きそばよりもカレーライスを食べるほうが好きだなぁ。
I (than, fried, would, eat, rice, noodles, curry, rather, and).
- 富士山の頂上からの眺めはとても美しいです。
The (of, the, from, beautiful, is, Mount, view, top, very, Fuji).
- あなたのお姉さんは大阪にどれくらい住んでいますか？
How (been, in, has, long, living, your, Osaka, sister)?
- これは今まで食べたパンの中で一番美味しいです。
This (bread, eaten, I, is, most, have, ever, the, delicious).

〔Ⅰ〕

問 1 1 () 2 () 3 () 4 () 5 ()

問 2 1 () 2 () 3 () 4 () 5 () 6 ()

問 3 _____

問 4 1 _____ 2 _____ 3 _____
4 _____ 5 _____

問 5 1 _____ 2 _____ 3 _____
4 _____ 5 _____

問 6 _____

〔Ⅱ〕

問 1 1 () 2 () 3 () 4 () 5 () 6 ()
7 () 8 () 9 () 10 ()

問 2 1 () 2 () 3 ()

問 3 1 () 2 () 3 () 4 () 5 () 6 ()
7 () 8 ()

問 4 1 I (_____).
2 The (_____).
3 How (_____)?
4 This (_____).